ASTM 1592
STANDARD TEST METHOD FOR
STRUCTURAL PERFORMANCE OF SHEET METAL ROOF AND SIDING
SYSTEMS BY UNIFORM STATIC AIR PRESSURE DIFFERENCE

TITE-LOC ALUMINUM ROOF PANEL
16” WIDE / 0.032” THK

FOR

PETERSEN ALUMINUM CORP.
1005 TONNE RD.
ELK GROVE VILLAGE, IL 60007

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ASTM 1592-01
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SYSTEMS BY UNIFORM STATIC AIR PRESSURE DIFFERENCE

**Purpose**

This test method covers the evaluation of the structural performance of Sheet Metal Panels and Anchor to Panel Attachments for roof or siding systems under uniform static air pressure difference.

**Test Date**

6-24-02 (3 Spans @ 5’ oc.)
7-1-02 (7 Spans @ 2’ oc)

**Test Specimen**

*Manufacturer:* Petersen Aluminum Corp.
1005 Tonne Rd.
Elk Grove Village, IL 60007

*Panel:* Tite-Loc ALuminum Roof Panel, 0.032” aluminum, 16” Wide

*Clip:* Tite-Loc Two Piece Low Floating Clip

*Panel Length:* as shown

**Testing Apparatus**

*Test Chamber:* Vacuum Chamber Composed of Wood

*Mounting Frame:* Hat Shape Subgirts fastened to W6 X 15 Wide Flange Beams

*Pressure Indicator:* Digital Pressure Indicators from Micro-Pneumatic Logic, Inc.

*Caliper:* Mitutoyo Digital Caliper, Model No. CD-12” CP
Project No. T229-02

**Installation**

- The panels were installed with clips onto 16 ga hat shape subgirts using (2) #12-14 self drilling fasteners per clip. The side joints were seamed with a mechanical seamer. Continuity fasteners were located at the top of the sidelap joints at panel ends.

- The system was inverted and attached to the steel beams with #14 tek fasteners.

- Plastic (4 mil thick) was employed loosely between the panels and subgirts and in the side joints to create a vacuum seal.

**Procedure**

- The specimen was checked for proper adjustment and all vents closed in the pressure measuring lines.

- The required deflection measuring apparatus were installed at their specified locations.

- A nominal initial pressure was applied equal to at least four times but not more than ten times the dead weight of the specimen. This nominal pressure was used as the reference zero and initial deflection readings were recorded.

- At each load increment, pressure was maintained for a period of not less than 60 seconds and until the deflection gages indicated no further increase in deflections.

- Successive increments were achieved as above until failure or ultimate load was reached.

The test was conducted according to the procedure in ASTM E-1592-01 and as noted herein. In our opinion the tape and plastic had no influence on the results of the test.
ULTIMATE TEST LOAD = 30.2 PSF (SIDEJOINT DISENGAGEMENT)

NOTE: SEE SKETCH 1 FOR LOCATION OF SIDEJOINT DISENGAGEMENT.
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Ultimate test load = 38.4 PSF (Sidejoint disengagement)

Note: See Sketch 2 for location of sidejoint disengagement.